



## Choicest of leaves sealed in aluminum

# "MAURETANIA"

'Fresh from the gardens'

### Relief Expenditures

It is now an assured fact that a very large sum of money will be expended by the Federal, Provincial and Municipal authorities throughout Canada in the provision of relief to people in need of such assistance during the next eight, ten or twelve months. Premier Bennett told Parliament that the situation in the Western Provinces, because of drought and consequent crop failures, constitutes a dire emergency, and the unemployment situation, aggravated by the loss of purchasing power in the west, was more acute than ever.

As a result of this condition Mr. Bennett informed Parliament that a huge sum of money would be necessary in order to finance the relief required. How large a sum he did not attempt to estimate, but took the unusual step of asking for a "blank cheque"; in other words, any amount considered necessary was to be made available. Parliament authorized the issue of such a cheque.

Unquestionably there is dire need for large expenditures for relief. They must be provided. No Canadian is prepared to see a fellow citizen suffer for lack of food, clothing, shelter or fuel, nor to mention the possibility of dying from starvation or freezing to death. But while there are thousands of such wholly deserving cases, there are many people who can get along without relief assistance who will look upon the expenditure of large amounts of public money as just so much "easy" money and will not get their share of it.

Right at the outset it would be well if each and every Canadian taxpayer would get the fact fixed in his mind that this is not "easy" money; that it is in reality the hardest kind of money—borrowed money which will have to pay interest probably to the end of his days. It is his money and it is in his own interest, therefore, to see that not one dollar is wasted or unnecessarily expended.

It perhaps cannot be too often stressed that there is no magic source of money supply for governments, and, further, that governments are but committees of management administering what belongs to the people. Every dollar of this relief money must be borrowed; upon every dollar borrowed interest must be paid every year; every dollar of interest must be provided by the imposition of taxation upon the people; every dollar of taxation imposed constitutes a drag, a handicap, upon a rapid and complete relief to better times, an overhead expense to be carried and paid for throughout the coming years by every business man, every farmer, every workman.

Therefore, every person unnecessarily demanding and unjustly receiving relief he can get along without it, prolonging the period during which the extension of relief to some will be necessary. Such persons may even be accentuating conditions which, in the long run, may force him into the position where he himself cannot exist without relief.

It is in the interests of one and all that relief expenditures be kept within its bounds, held down to the actual needs of the situation, rigidly restricted to those who cannot possibly exist without some help.

Communities, as well as individuals, should not be out to get as large an amount as they possibly can, but rather should be seeking out ways and means whereby they can get along with as little as possible in the way of relief expenditures. There are hundreds of thousands of people who, by a little thought and self-sacrifice could help other people in this time of stress and emergency and thus appreciably reduce the number requiring public assistance. Many people who can afford to do so, and even some who can ill afford to do so, have in a sense "adopted" some out-of-work families or family in need and, in many little ways, are making it possible for them to maintain themselves, with added confidence and self-reliance, thus reducing the demand upon public funds and checking the spread of "the spirit of the dole."

It is to be hoped for the sake of Canada of today and of the future that individuals, communities and municipalities alike will, for the most part, not be found boasting of how much they get in the way of relief, but rather will be pointing with pride to the fact that they were able to get along with so much less than others.

### Receives Medal

### Gandhi As Social Reformer

L. J. Burpee Is Honored By French Academy  
Word has been received at Ottawa from Paris, that the French Academy has awarded the medaille de Vermeil to Lawrence J. Burpee, Ottawa author, in recognition of his outstanding work in connection with the early history of Canada, and particularly of his scholarly editing of the journals of La Verendrye, last of the great explorers of New France and discoverer of the prairie provinces of Canada.

The medaille de Vermeil carries with it the title of Laurent de Lottin.

### Diagraph Aids Firemen

Records of every telephone fire alarm made in Portland, Ore., are being kept on a diagraph attached to the switchboard, according to Popular Mechanics Magazine. When an alarm householder screams into the telephone, "Our house is afire," and in his haste mentions the address so unmistakably the fire cannot be delayed. If the fire cannot be put out, the fireman can at least be sure that the alarm was "played back" slowly so that the words can be distinguished.

A luminous mushroom found in Australia gives off such a clear green light that it is possible to read by it.

## The Mother of Seven Children Used It For Diarrhoea

Mrs. Ray Drinkwater, R.R. No. 2, Hagerstown, Ont., writes: "I am the mother of seven children, and last summer one of them, 17 months old, was taken very sick with diarrhoea, and I thought she was going to die."  
"My husband went 7 miles to see what my sister had given her baby, but he came home with a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I gave the child a few doses and she was soon well again. My other children also had diarrhoea at that time and I gave them Dr. Fowler's with the same result."

### Brief Winter Cruises

#### Cunard Steamship "Mauretania" To Visit Mediterranean Ports

The latest passenger ship charter ever made by a steamship agency which will send the giant trans-Atlantic Cunard liner "Mauretania" on five important cruises to the Mediterranean next winter, was announced by Ralph Delvile, president of the National Tours. This enterprise, which surprises the steamship world by the daring and novelty of its programme, will involve financial transactions of a little less than \$3,000,000.

The five cruises to the Mediterranean will be made in the extraordinarily short time of seventeen days. Previously for cruises of moderate length, the West Indies had been generally considered the only possible objective. Questioned on this point, Mr. Delvile said yesterday:

"The 'Mauretania' is one of only three ships that can make this cruise. Because of her tremendous speed she will be able to cross the Atlantic and divide five full days among the exceptionally fascinating ports of the Mediterranean."

"These cruises are arranged for business men and women, including school children, and are not confined to any one of the trips is just about equivalent to the usual two weeks' vacation. There is no time waste. The passengers will get to the sapphire blue waters of the greatest inland sea in a hurry, but they will have plenty of time to enjoy the climates and scenes before this great ship brings them back again to this side. They will cover three continents and see the world's wonders."

Minimum rates for the five Mediterranean cruises to be made by the "Mauretania" will be \$125.00 per person. All passengers will be First Class and have the full run of the ship. The regular trans-Atlantic service, including a carte menu in the dining room without extra charge, will be used on these cruises. A series of shore excursions will be included in the stated price of the cruises.

Ports which the "Mauretania" will visit in her Mediterranean cruises will be Cadix in Spain, Gibraltar, Algiers in North Africa and Villefrance on the French Riviera. Only the last of these ports will be visited with the exception of Villefrance, where the "Mauretania" will anchor for two days to allow her passengers to visit the most fashionable of the famous Riviera resorts, including Monte Carlo, Nice and Cannes. The cruises will be made in December, 1918 (Christmas and New Year's Cruise), January 8th, January 27th, February 13th, and March 6th.

### Appeal For Food

#### Ask For Surplus Wheat Of United States To Save Millions Of Chinese Flood Sufferers

An appeal for surplus wheat of the United States to save 10,000,000 Chinese flood sufferers, who are suffering from starvation before spring, unless aided, was made by John Earl Baker, United States ambassador in China.

Baker said the flood, which still continued in 16 provinces, was the most terrible disaster in China in 30 years. At least \$300,000,000 damage had been done, he estimated, but he was not even given a guess at the number of deaths, which the "Corpses Recovery Society" asserted were not less than 8,000 in the flooded Yangtze Valley alone. Hundreds of bodies were being taken from the waters by the society.

### It's A Poor Joke

When some one blushes with embarrassment. When some one's feelings are hurt. When something sacred is made to appear commonplace. When it is directed against some one's infirmity. When it is uttered in a bitter spirit. When every one cannot join in the laughter.

Persian Balm is the one true formula for skin health and beauty. It is the most effective medicinal skin protectant. It is the only skin preservative or cooling shaving lotion. No matter what use it is put to, it is always beneficial to the skin. Every woman should use it. Persian Balm could not cause the skin and creates complexions of surpassing loveliness.

### Not Enough Names

While the Great Zepplin was on her Arctic cruise she passed over so many undiscovered glaciers, mountain ranges, bays and other geographical features that there were not enough names to go around. Prof. Robolovich Samoilovich, scientific director of the expedition, said recently.

One person out of seven in Great Britain lived last winter on money drawn from a magnetic number without a bottom, unemployment insurance.

### Copied From Wrong Side

#### Heavens Reversed In Ceiling Of New York Station

Of the millions who pass annually through the Grand Central terminal, at New York, probably not one-half of one per cent. turn their heads skyward to look at what was once proclaimed the most beautiful ceiling in the world. It had a fine effect with stars, etc. But some cruel person came along and allowed that the whole works was incorrect in that the upper heavens were inverted — an error which was corrected.

When the new station opened in 1913, much space was given to the planetary ceiling, and now the bubble has burst.

A painter's error had put the stars on backward—that is, their arrangement is a mirror image of the same stars' real position in the Heavens. An interior decorator copied a "celestial globe" from the outside, instead of viewing it from within.

### Settlers Go To Peace River

#### Over Thousand Families Have Taken Up Land Since April

Approximately 3,000 people have settled on the Peace River since April, it was reported to the government by W. S. West, superintendent for the settlement of the province.

These include 1,073 families who entered the area and took up from a quarter to half a section of land per family. The majority of these new settlers have made a fine beginning in improving their holdings and getting the land under production, stated Mr. West.

Coincident with the arrival of Mr. West at his residence in the Peace River district, Premier Tominie announced that the government had virtually decided to grant assistance towards the immediate creation of a modern flour mill at Port St. John by an industrial loan.

### Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

#### HURRY-UP FILLING

1 glass current or grape jelly.  
1 can coconut soufflé style.  
Beat jelly with fork until consistency spread. Put between layers and on top and sides of cake. Sprinkle thickly with coconut. Makes enough filling to cover tops and sides of two 8-inch layers.

#### LEMON COCONUT FILLING

1 cup sugar.  
2 eggs slightly beaten.  
Juice and grated rind 1 lemon.  
1/2 cup shredded coconut.  
Combine ingredients in order given, place in double boiler and cook until thickened, stirring constantly. Cool and spread between layers of cake. Makes enough filling to cover 9-inch layer.

#### MODERN WALDORF SALAD

1 cup celery, finely cut.  
2 red apples.  
1/2 cup walnut meats, broken.  
1/2 cup sweet pickles, sliced crosswise.  
1/2 to 1/4 cup mayonnaise.

Core red apples and dice without peeling. Combine apples, celery, walnuts, and pickles. Add sufficient mayonnaise to bind ingredients and moisten well. Pile into salad bowl or heap on small platter, garnished with crisp lettuce.

#### Put It In For Lane Bake

A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment soaks in, the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

#### Don't Note Files Sole

Though unable to either hear or speak, Edward T. Payne has made a solo flight in an aeroplane. This followed about 11 hours of instruction at Walker airport, Windsor. It is believed there that he is the first person with such handicaps to fly a plane. He is to be awarded the pilot's license as soon as he qualifies.

#### The Only Way

As we figure it out, it would require millions and millions of pounds to solve the housing problem, relieve unemployment and discover cures for cancer and tuberculosis. And, of course, it's only for war you could raise a big sum of money like that.

Excavations in Egypt have revealed a large granary containing grain bins and documents of papyrus, some apparently connected with the property and its business deals.

W. N. U. 1903

## MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

### Sells Cattle In England

#### Saskatchewan Farmer Makes Good Profit On Sale Of 35 Head

William "Bill" Porter, farmer of Wakaw, Sask., arrived recently at Ottawa from England, where he sold 35 head of cattle raised and fattened upon his own farm.

Mr. Porter brought about \$1,300 in hard cash, being the difference between the British prices for beef and the price at Winnipeg. By exporting to the Old Country he made just that much more money than he would have done if he had stayed at home and sold through the Winnipeg stockyards.

Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, referring to the Porter shipment, said that these cattle had arrived in England at a time when the market was flooded with cheap cattle. Otherwise Mr. Porter would have netted \$2,000 instead of \$1,300 above Winnipeg prices.

The cattle averaged 1,070 lbs., fifteen of the lightest animals brought a peak price of 120 s. per head. The Minister remarked that Porter was one of the best finished shipments to leave this country. The gain of \$1,300, he said, was calculated after all expenses of the trip to England had been deducted.

"There is no market in the Old Country" said Mr. Weir, "for our really poor cattle. If cattle are below the two top grades the British people prefer to buy Argentine beef."

### Accepts Ottawa Post

#### Wheat Pool Statistician Resigns To Take Government Position

Clive B. Davidson, assistant statistician to the Canadian Wheat Pool, has resigned to accept a position with the Agricultural Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa.

A graduate of the University of Saskatchewan, Mr. Davidson was first employed by the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool and in 1930 went to Winnipeg as assistant statistician to the central selling agency of the pool.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children, who have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

#### Testing New Type Gilder

Fitted with windmill vanes, made familiar by autogyros, a glider is being tested in Germany, with first results indicating that the idea is successful. On a vertical post, above the pilot's cockpit the vanes, like large four-bladed propeller, all horizontal, are mounted. The craft's wings are slightly smaller than those of the ordinary motorless plane. The vanes are said to enable the glider to rise aloft in lighter winds than craft of this type.

#### Keep Douglas' Egyptian Liniment

Always in the stable, ready for immediate use. Removes poison flesh and inflammation. Thrush or Hoof Rot, and infection of cow's teat.

#### A gasoline pump has been invented

with an adding machine which checks the amount of gasoline bought and the correct cost.

### Famed Indian Scientist

#### Einstein Of The East Lives In Poverty Among His Own People

Sir Chandrasekhara Raman, "Einstein of the East," whom the west sought out as the recipient of the Nobel prize in physics, has been surrounded with invitations from all over the world to lecture, and recently another came from California. But the Indian scientist is too poor to travel.

He has no laboratory and only the most limited library. The man who has been honoured by a dozen foreign countries with medals and degrees lives in relative obscurity and comparative poverty among his own people.

His home is a small dark flat in the poorest quarter of Calcutta. The room in which he made his discoveries concerning the nature of light has a stone floor, a leaky ceiling and bare walls, but visitors forget the shabby surroundings in his vivid personality.

Sir Chandrasekhara is only 43, a slight stoop, with a dark complexion, with a white turban his only concession to the native custom.

"I have little or no means of continuing my own studies," he said, "and unhappily there is little realization in my country of the importance of research, although it is remarkable that the greatest contributions to science in India have been made by Indians who had no formal training."

Like Einstein, to whom he often is compared, this Indian physicist is a master of the violin, on the technique of which he has written several books.

### Leaves On Strange Mission

#### Italian War Ace Will Study Habits Of Belgian Congo Gorilla

Alfredo D'Amico, war ace who went to Africa in 1919 on a Fascist mission for Benito Mussolini and remained to become an explorer, has left New York to study the "hangings" and habits of a red-headed gorilla described to him by pygmies of the uncharted Tshibulo Forest in the Belgian Congo.

He is Commander Attilio Gatti, veteran of seven African expeditions and awards of twoebra bites, the dread black water disease and a charging family of gorillas. Specimens from his expeditions fill 23 rooms in the Royal Museum of Florence.

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A gasoline pump has been invented with an adding machine which checks the amount of gasoline bought and the correct cost.

## Foods Stay Fresh Longer

### This Way

Covered with Para-Sant Heavy Wax  
Paper goods usually stale in a day or so stay fresh for a long time. Try it. Get Para-Sant in the handy, sanitary, fold-edged canister, grocery, drugist or stationer. For less exorbitant use get "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

## Appelford Paper Products

HAMILTON ONTARIO

Western Representatives:  
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

## Air Mail Service East of Toronto Has Been Abandoned

Ottawa, Ont.—Air mail service between Ontario and the prairies are being retained, but all flights east of Toronto have been abandoned by the Dominion Government through means of economy. Contracts with flying companies expired Saturday night by postal officials indicating a considerable curtailment of service from those of last year.

The link between Toronto and Windsor is to be continued and mail will be carried by United States planes from Detroit to the Manitoba border. The route will then be from Winnipeg, N.D., to Winnipeg, Reg., Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge, Calgary and Edmonton. Saskatchewan North Battleford were formerly on the Edmonton loop, but have been dropped in the rearrangement.

Mail between Toronto and Montreal will be handled by trains alone, and the flights between Montreal and the Maritimes are also discontinued.

Coincidental with the striking of a balance sheet in the post office department showing a deficit of several millions of dollars in the last fiscal year, Premier R. B. Bennett indicated the less remunerative air mail flights must be dropped. Acting on a clause in the contracts with flying companies, which gave the government to cancel arrangements on a month's notice, the Prime Minister extended a curtailment would be effected on July 15. This was later extended to August 15.

The service between Ontario and the west bridge of a single gauge carriage of mails across the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The long train journey across northern Ontario mitigates severely against speedy communication. The large trees of population in the east and the cities on the prairies. The flights across central Canada are regarded as of outstanding value and were continued in spite of the rumors which at one time suggested all air mails would be abandoned.

No indication has been given as to when the flights between maritime points and Montreal would be resumed. They were the first attempt at air mail service in Canada and were instituted with the idea of speeding up mail to and from trans-Atlantic vessels. A year ago consideration was being given to more or less regular flights to ships as they passed through the Straits of Belle Isle. It was believed this service would place Canada in a decidedly favourable position to compete with United

States in the handling of mail from overseas. The possibility was also seen of mail flights from Edmonton to the Pacific Coast and up to Alaska.

### Son Born To Bessboroughs

Birth Causes Great Rejoicing At Vice-Regal Residence

Montreal.—The household at Ravenscrag, temporary vice-regal residence, is rejoicing at the birth of a son to Lady Bessborough, wife of the Earl of Bessborough, the fourth child of her excellencies was born to the matronly wing of the Royal Victoria hospital, the grounds of which adjoin those of Ravenscrag, mountainside residence of Sir Montagu Allen, which has been the temporary vice-regal residence since July 31.

News of the event was made public in a brief bulletin issued by the Governor-General's representative, giving no details but stating that both the child and Lady Bessborough were doing well and that her excellency's condition gave no cause for concern. It was learned unofficially that the child was a healthy and normal baby, with blue eyes.

Soon after the news had been published here, a cable was received by Lord Bessborough from His Majesty the King, congratulating their excellencies on the birth of their son, and His Majesty that he might be the boy's god-father.

### Aviators Are Held

Pangborn and Herndon In Difficulties

London, England.—A Reuter's dispatch from Tokyo said the public prosecutor there had decided to order the confinement of Clyde Pangborn and Hugh Herndon, Jr., United States aviators, pending the outcome of an investigation of charges that they flew over fortified areas in Japan without permission.

The two flyers, who failed in an attempt to set a new speed record around the world, have been under going questioning by Japanese officials for several days.

Big Ben, London's famous clock, is being brilliantly illuminated in preparation for the International Illumination Congress in September.

### Pawnshop Authorized By Montreal Officials

Percentage Of Profits Will Be Donated To Charity

Montreal, Ont.—Establishment of a pawnshop under civic patronage has been authorized by the municipal authorities here. The city entered upon a contract with an incorporated firm, authorizing the company to open one or more pawnshops for one year. The company agreed to give the city 10 per cent. of the proceeds of its first year.

The money given to the city, fixed at a minimum of \$1,200 a year, will be donated to charity.

The reason behind the move, it was explained, was that many people were in need of money but were hesitant about approaching an ordinary pawnshop. With civic protection and guarantees, these people would be assured of fair treatment and security.

### Cattle Shipped North

Shortage Of Hay On Indian Reserves In Qu'Appelle Valley

Regina, Sask.—Owing to the shortage of hay on the Qu'Appelle Valley Indian reserves, northeast of Regina, Indian cattle will be shipped north to graze in the vicinity of Battleford to spend the winter, according to W. M. Graham, Indian Commissioner.

Reserves in the Battleford area have an abundance of hay, Mr. Graham said, and about 25 Indians of the Regina district have been sent north to assist in the cutting.

Three cars of horses and one car of mules and other animals have also been sent to the Battleford area. It is the intention of the Indian officials, Mr. Graham said, owing to the shortage of hay on reserved near Regina, to ship the cattle to the Mosquito and Red Pheasant reserves, in the northern part of the province, where they will be wintered.

### Churchill Townsite

Work Of Laying Out Site Of New Port Is Proceeding

The Pas, Man.—The survey of the townsite of Churchill has been completed and hundreds of men are at work laying out the site of the new port on Hudson Bay. A water supply will be taken three miles from Churchill and laid in a pipeline which is under construction now.

Where the present camps are situated, the new buildings to be constructed in Churchill and it is likely one will be built before the end of September. All bills at Churchill are being leased by the provincial government who will throw open the new port next spring.

### Canada To London By Plane

\$5,000 Will Purchase Ticket On Proposed Flight

Montreal, Que.—The sum of \$5,000 will buy some adventurous aviators passage on an aeroplane flight from Canada to London via Greenland and Iceland, according to an advertisement appearing in a local newspaper, a third interest in the proposed flight, which will take place "within two weeks."

The flight is to be made in a cabin plane flown by an experienced pilot, the advertisement stated, giving no details of the identity of the sponsors of the flight.

### BRITISH ATHLETES GIVE GOOD DISPLAY



Although the Oxford and Cambridge athletes went down to defeat in the international meet with Harvard and Yale Universities of the United States, above them a distinguished team of British athletes, headed by W. Denison, of Cambridge, breaking the tape at the end of the three-mile race which he won, while inset is Goodwill, of Oxford, who turned back strong opposition to win both the 100 and 220 yard events, a remarkable feat.

### RETURNS TO PREMIERSHIP

Stewart, Conservative Leader In Prince Edward Island, Returns To The Premiership After Four Years In Opposition. His Party Won 19 Seats And The Liberals 12.

Hon. J. D. Stewart, Conservative leader in Prince Edward Island, who returns to the Premiership after four years in opposition. His party won 19 seats and the Liberals 12.

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## Leniency Is Urged For Debtor Farmer In Present Crisis

### Long Motor Trip

Italians Plan Trip From New York To Rome By Car

Ottawa, Ont.—Bound from New York to Rome by automobile, via Nome, Alaska and across the key stretches of Bering Strait, three New York Italians have left Ottawa for Toronto. From there they plan to drive to Bault Ste. Marie, Duluth, Winnipeg and across the prairies to Nome. If accomplished, the trip will be the longest ever made by automobile.

The intrepid motorists are Giuseppe Vada, the leader of the expedition; Emilio Miani and Antonio David. At Nome they will pick up specially constructed wheels to use later on the rails of the Great Northern Railway.

One of the most difficult parts of their journey will be the drive across the ice of the Bering Strait. When they reach East Cape, Siberia, they will go to Irkutsk, covering some 2,500 miles of unexplored trackless waste land.

From Irkutsk they will proceed to Khabarovsk, where they will change the wheels of their car, travelling on rails as far as Moscow.

From Moscow they will go to Rome by way of Germany and Switzerland. They expect to take 18 months to complete the journey.

### Early Navigation Of Straits

Season Of Navigation In H.B. Straits Three Weeks Earlier This Year

Ottawa, Ont.—The season of navigation in Hudson Straits this year is at least three weeks ahead of any of the preceding five years that the Marine Department has been undertaking detailed observations on navigation conditions in those waters. This information is contained in a report of Captain Balcom, of the C.G.S. "N. B. McLean," Hudson Straits cruiser, to Hon. A. Durnan, Minister of Marine.

The "N. B. McLean" entered Hudson Straits on July 18, and at this moment is engaged in landing supplies at the radio direction finding station at Nottingham Island in the Hudson Bay end of the Straits. She will remain in the straits until the close of navigation.

### Good Wishes For Exhibition

Prince Of Wales Expresses Hope That Toronto Exhibition Will Be Success

London, England.—The Prince of Wales has expressed the hope that despite the depression the forthcoming Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto will prove a great success. The Prince, who is honorary patron of the exhibition, sent a wire to Earl Jellicoe, admiral of the fleet and head of the British Service League, who is to formally open the 1931 exhibition.

Earl Jellicoe read the message from the Prince at a luncheon at which the earl was guest of honor.

## Ambitious Flight Is Contemplated By Canadian Aviators

Montreal.—One of the most ambitious trans-Atlantic flights yet contemplated, a journey by a fleet of five or six Aerona light aeroplanes across the Atlantic from Canada to Great Britain by way of the southern tip of Greenland, Iceland and the Faroe Islands, is in the course of preparation. Bretislav Pliske, a former aviator, now living in Toronto, stated here.

The flight would be made next summer, Pliske said. The start would be from Ottawa, with London, England, the destination. A preliminary flight by himself in a cabin plane would be made first, he added, possibly this year, but more probably early next summer.

Pliske fought with the Austrians during the earlier part of the Great War, later joining the French Air Force. He has flown with the Royal Canadian Air Force in Canada and also with commercial companies in this country and is a naturalized Canadian.

The light machines could complete without difficulty the 500-mile hops between refueling bases along the northern route, now being surveyed by British and German expeditions, Pliske said. The route taken would

Edmonton.—An extension of the existing debt adjustment system of Alberta, rather than anything in the nature of a moratorium, will be adopted as a means of helping to straighten out the financial difficulties of the farmers this coming year. The personnel of the adjustment branch of the government will be strengthened, and its facilities will otherwise be increased and improved. It is proposed also to hold a number of conferences with the creditor interests in order to meet the situation as fairly as possible at all concerned.

This was one of the main decisions of a two-day meeting between the government, the federal and provincial members and the U.F.A. executive, held here.

In some localities of the province there has been demand, it was reported at the meeting, for a moratorium, but the considered opinion of the gathering was that every effort should be made to work out the problem through the debt adjustment service itself.

Winnipeg, Man.—The greatest possible leniency in dealing with the debtor farmer was urged by Hon. Joe Bracken, Premier of Manitoba, at a conference of representatives of banks, mortgage and insurance companies and other creditor institutions held here.

Premier Bracken declared that his government had no thought of a moratorium, but that he would resist only in general cases, but that in view of the poor crops and the low purchasing power of the farmer the utmost consideration should be shown by creditors.

The press was not admitted to the conference, but at its conclusion Premier Bracken declared that assurance had been given that all the organizations represented would aid during the present difficult period.

More than a score of representatives of creditor institutions attended the conference at the invitation of the premier.

### Refuse To Register Orientals

Will Not Qualify Under Relief Plan British Columbia

Vancouver, B.C.—Destitute Orientals must fend for themselves this winter, it was stated here. Reports that the Federal and Provincial Governments have refused to contribute toward their keep were verified by J. H. McVeety, superintendent of the relief services of the province, and City Relief Officer H. W. Cooper. They stated they had been ordered to refuse to register all Orientals presenting themselves for relief under government unemployment relief schemes.

Mr. McVeety said that the employment service club had already registered a few, Col. Cooper reported that his office had refused to register a few, and that the registration of five Japanese.

## Gandhi Decides He Will Not Participate In London Conference

London, England.—Deep regret, coupled with the determination that the Indian round table conference must proceed according to plan, is the general feeling in authoritative circles in London following the decision of Mahatma Gandhi at Bombay, not to participate in the second round table conference.

Although there was only one Nationalist congress delegate invited to the second conference—"Mahatma Karmachand Gandhi," as the official list has it—the decision of the leader of the Nationalists influenced the other delegates. These were the famous poets, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, and the Pandit Mahatma, who have been identified with the congress movement and who cancelled their steamship passages.

The round table conference will go on with the representatives of the Indian native states, the Molesans and the many other sects of the Indian Empire. The meeting of the Federal Structures Committee will take place next Saturday next September 5.

The utmost sadness at Gandhi's decision was expressed by Rt. Hon. Sirivastra Sastry, one of India's great statesmen, a former member of the viceroy's legislative council, a man who has done great work for Indians domiciled in the Dominions, including hour.

Canada, and the man who is acknowledged leader of the bulk of Indian moderates.

Bombay, India.—Mahatma Gandhi, the frail, thin-clothed leader of the Hindu Nationalist congress multitudes decided to remain aloof from the second round table conference, which will resume the work of drawing up the constitution for the new India in London in September.

At a meeting of the working com-

mittee of the congress a resolution was passed by the "bold" calling for abstention from the London party was adopted. The committee gave as the reason for its decision the "repeated serious breaches of the Delhi pact by the provincial government."

This pact signed last March by Gandhi and Lord Irwin, then viceroy of India, provided for the abandonment of the year-old civil disobedience campaign on the part of the followers of the Mahatma, in return for certain concessions by the authorities.

"I need not say what a great blow it has been to me that I am not to go to London," Gandhi stated. "I know what it will mean to Lord Irwin, and I know also what a severe disappointment it will be to my numerous friends in England. But the decision not to go became inevitable, because the contract is between a great government and a great organization claiming to represent the whole nation."

My request for appointment of an impartial tribunal to adjust the breaches in the Delhi pact was, in my opinion, incredibly simple. If there is a dispute between the government and the congress, surely the rules governing all contracts must be applicable, the more so in my opinion because the contract is between a great government and a great organization claiming to represent the whole nation."



# Pasture Lands Survey To Be Conducted By Professor Of Saskatchewan University

Complete survey of all pasture lands in Canada is to be conducted by Prof. L. E. Kirk, of the University of Saskatchewan, announcement of whose appointment as Dominion Agrostologist was made in the House of Commons by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

Reduction in carrying power of ranges has been giving concern to the Government. Mr. Weir said. In order to stimulate the cattle industry a series of experiments are to be conducted as to the best grasses for the purpose. Prof. Kirk is expected to come to Ottawa within the next few months and will supervise the whole program. The time of his assuming the position was stated to depend upon the finding of a successor to his present post in the university.

"In some stations," Mr. Weir said, "it will take four acres now to carry as many head of cattle as one acre would have done some years ago. The western farmers, due to the price of wheat and other grains during the past few years, have not been attempting to keep a great deal of livestock, even in districts where they might do so, or to pay attention to range crops."

The farmer in the west has been paying attention particularly to the raising of wheat—and I say this without criticizing the farmer, because he turned their attention to that method of farming which they believed would give them the greatest crop—but the result has been, by taking all the fire and strength out of the land, to create nearly as possible the ideal condition of the desert.

"One thing we must concentrate on in the west, therefore, is to get the best authorities we can to work on the question of pastures. There was no doubt that the best man was Professor Kirk of the University of Saskatchewan, at Saskatoon. He is one of the three best men in that work on the American continent, and I think he is easily recognized as the best man in the Dominion of Canada."

The newly appointed Dominion Agrostologist, Dr. L. E. Kirk, was raised on a farm near Hazleton, about 120 miles south-west of Regina. He is professor of field husbandry in the University of Saskatchewan and in his new position will have charge of development of grasses suitable for use in Canada.

Dr. Kirk is a graduate of the University of Saskatchewan. He obtained the arts degree in 1915; the agricultural degree in 1916, and later his master's degree. In 1927 he received his doctor's degree in plant breeding from the University of Minnesota. Since his graduation, Dr. Kirk has been engaged as student-assistant and as professor in production of new varieties of clovers and grasses.

## Travelling In Russia

**Ticket Must Be Purchased Two Weeks Before Journey**

With more than 15,000 breadwinners and wreckers reported during 1930 on Russian railroads, travel in the Soviet Union is now regarded by the inhabitants as an exciting adventure. To secure a ticket, one must stand in line before the ticket window for 12 to 24 hours, and this must be done at least a fortnight before the anticipated journey. Two men sell tickets at different windows, one for even dates and the other for odd dates. Care must be taken by the prospective purchaser that he does not get into the wrong line and thus waste an entire day.—Wall Street Journal.

A cubic foot of water contains 7½ gallons and weighs 62½ pounds.

Hurricanes usually originate in the ocean.



"A friend told me you had a place vacant in your wireless factory."

"Do you know what it is for?"

"Yes, measuring the lengths of waves."—Moustique, Charlier.

W. N. O. 1903

## Making Work Count

"Record Of Performance" For Poultry, Great Help To Farmers

If the farmer is sufficiently interested in breeding poultry to be doing any record-keeping on his place, he can make his work count by being entered in "Record of Performance" for poultry. This is a system of "production recording" on an official basis as the result of which certificates are issued for those birds which conform to requirements as to quality and size of eggs laid, and freedom of disqualifications for the breed.

The department at Ottawa supplies the farmer with leg bands for his birds, with report forms, and with the services of an inspector in selecting the entries, and checking any errors which may crop up in his work. All the farmer has to do is to keep his records, sending an official copy weekly to headquarters at Ottawa.

Every month or six weeks the breeder entered in R.O.P. receives a visit from an official inspector who has duty to check up on his records and work. As a regular feature of his special duties these inspectors give the farmer information and help. From one such visit the farmer gets more vital and useful information about breeding work than the price of entry could procure in other ways.

## "Sun Spots" and Furs

Control Yield Of Canadian Product Says Oxford Professor

The "sun spot" is a predominant influence upon the cycles of plenty and want in the supply of Canadian fur-bearing animals? This question was debated at length at the Canadian Biological Conference held in Mataneque, Quebec, following a paper by Charles Elton, professor of Oxford, England. His paper was based largely upon voluminous records kept for over a century by the Hudson's Bay Company.

The peak of abundance in furred animals was reached every ten years, he said. Some unknown force exerted its influence on animal populations to keep them in step. He was inclined to believe in climatic control. Dr. Huntington, of Yale, said peaks of temperature and barometric pressure generally came out of the Canadian northwest to spread over North America. The solar cycle was the foundation of a great many cycles.

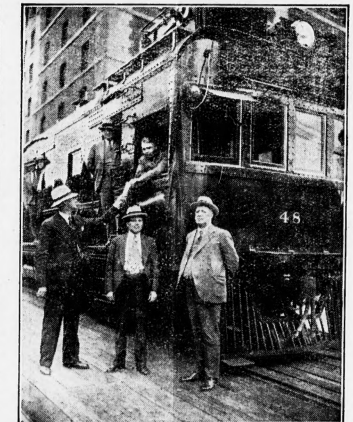
## Push Buttons Food Cal

One man, by merely pressing push buttons, stokes all the coal-burning boilers in a 4-story New York hotel. The boiler burns pulverized coal and when a button is pushed exactly the right amount of coal to keep the fire at proper level is automatically released from the bunkers to the fire box.

Mahe!—Well, I certainly wouldn't like to be in your shoes!

Kitty—Tm not surprised; there wouldn't be room for your feet!

## C.P.R. ELECTRO-MOTIVE CAR



Rolling out of Winnipeg Monday, August 10, to the accompaniment of contented humming instead of the usual energetic puffing, No. 48, the new C.P.R. Pacific Railway electric car started for its destined run on the Arbore, Man., sub-division. This is the first of two gas-electric, self-propelled cars to be placed on the company's western lines. The second arrives shortly for use on the Weyburn and Assiniboia sub-division in Southern Saskatchewan.

Including its smoking compartment, the car will accommodate 66 passengers; has a range of 400 miles at an average speed of 30 miles per hour, and makes 60 miles at full power. A 15-foot compartment for baggage and express and a section as engine room complete the equipment of the car. No. 48's first train orders are being handled to C. W. Lister, engineer in the picture. By R. A. Gamble, superintendent of terminals, with Mr. E. D. Cutler, general superintendent Manitoba district (center), and R. M. Tyne, superintendent of motive power, saw the car off on its first journey. Standing in the door to the engine-room is J. D. Muir, assistant superintendent of motive power.



**CHILD'S ROMPERS OR PLAY SUIT**

Slashed at left side-front, and finished for closing. Attached collar, patch pockets. Seven pieces.

**PROPORTIONAL MEASUREMENTS**

Years	1	2	3
Front	21	22	23 inches
Before cutting, compare carefully all pieces of pattern with chart.			

**MATERIAL REQUIRED**

Point View	Printed Material	Of One Material
Bust	17 in.	17 in.
Waist	24 in.	24 in.
Hips	24 in.	24 in.
Legs	24 in.	24 in.
3 yrs.	1 1/2	1 1/2
4 yrs.	2 1/2	2 1/2
5 yrs.	3 1/2	3 1/2
6 yrs.	4 1/2	4 1/2
7 yrs.	5 1/2	5 1/2
8 yrs.	6 1/2	6 1/2
9 yrs.	7 1/2	7 1/2
10 yrs.	8 1/2	8 1/2
11 yrs.	9 1/2	9 1/2
12 yrs.	10 1/2	10 1/2
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98 yrs.	96 1/2	96 1/2
99 yrs.	97 1/2	97 1/2
100 yrs.	98 1/2	98 1/2

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Name

Address

City

State

Country

"Help your wife," says a famous domestic expert; "when she mops up the floor, mop up the floor with her head."

## Praise For New Treaty

Canada's Trade With Australia Will Increase Says Royal Bank

The new treaty between the Dominion of Canada and the Commonwealth of Australia has given a wide variety of Canadian producers a pre-eminence in the Australian market, which constitutes a basis of general optimism concerning the future development of trade between these two countries, states the August letter of the Royal Bank of Canada.

Canadian automobiles, newspaper, timber and canned salmon have been given special consideration, but when Canadian exporters have had time to make their goods better known in the Australian market there should be also a substantial increase in the volume of sales of a wide variety of other products. It has been stated that the value of United States exports will suffer by about \$25,000,000, but there are so many opportunities which have been opened to Canadian exporters by this new treaty that its full ultimate effect cannot be estimated closely.

## All-Season Attraction

An all-season attraction at Banff is Banff National Park, Alberta, is swimming in the hot sulphur pools, operated by the department of the Interior for visitors to the National Park. There are in all five springs at Banff, the warmest of which is the Spring on Sulphur Mountain. The Cave and Basin pool is the most popular, over 54,000 persons passing through the turnstile last season. The Spring has approximately 35,000 patrons.

The difference between intelligence and education is that you can't be a complacent ass if you have intelligence.

"A butterfly," says a naturalist, "practically nothing." He's evidently never taken one to dinner.

# United States Proposals For A Year's Holiday In War Debts Reconciled With Young Plan

## Fighting the Outworn

Information Reduced If Land Left In Soil Until End Of September

H. H. Vigor, field crops commissioner, states that the recent rains can be made use of to help reduce infestation of fields by the pale western cutworms.

The cutworm moths will be busy during August and the early part of September laying eggs. The moths have soft bodies and search for dry dusty soil in which to deposit the eggs. The recent rains have packed the soil and formed a crust on top, consequently the moths will pass it over to look for more suitable places.

Land that is intended for cropping next year should not be disturbed by stock or implements, but the crust left intact through August and until September 1st.

In areas where cutworms were not very serious this year and it is intended to sow fall rye, this may be proceeded with, by the time the cutworms hatch out in the spring and commence eating, the rye has obtained a good growth and damage by these pests should be lessened. The rye should be sown as spring sown grain.

It would be pointed out the rains at this time of year do not affect the cutworms, except by rendering the soil unsuitable for egg laying.

## Agriculture In Japan

Amazing Increase In Production Due To Artificial Fertilizer

Japan, a country which is even more densely populated than China, and whose agricultural territory is limited by four-fifths of the country being mountainous, is exporting rice to China. Until the year 1929, Japan was not growing enough rice for her own needs and was forced to import large quantities from China and elsewhere.

In 1929, owing largely to scientific methods of cultivation and the liberal use of fertilizers, Japan, for the first time in recent years, produced a surplus and is still looking for markets abroad for her agricultural produce. The direct cause of this phenomenal increase in production is undoubtedly the policy of the Government in encouraging intensive cultivation by the use of large quantities of artificial fertilizers. The annual consumption of sulphate of ammonia alone in Japan is over 500,000 tons and of super-phosphates over 300,000 tons in addition to much large quantities of guano, nitrate of soda, potash and bean cake are used. The annual expenditure in Japan for fertilizers is over \$60,000,000 yearly.

Weekly Press, Hong Kong:

Slavia's plea that suspension of payments worked a disproportionate hardship on her. This has received full consideration, the report said. It is suggested—subject to approval of the central banks—that if the Jugoslavians decide that it is in their interest it might depend upon appropriate action from other central banks and the Bank of International Settlements.

Another critical point was Jugoslavians' work that suspension of payments worked a disproportionate hardship on her. This has received full consideration, the report said. It is suggested—subject to approval of the central banks—that if the Jugoslavians decide that it is in their interest it might depend upon appropriate action from other central banks and the Bank of International Settlements.

The committee said that although somewhat different considerations applied to certain relief, reconstruction and miscellaneous postwar debts due to the European powers, it had been decided to suspend them during the debt holiday also.

## A Common Variety

The woman of the house was dissatisfied with the milk supplied to her, and when the milkman arrived she was inclined to be critical.

"Your milk," she said, "has lately been very thin. Do you expect it to be the rain too long?"

"Ma'am," said the milkman, "this is Grade A milk."

"Ah," said the lady. "I thought so—'grey day milk.' Let me have some of the fine weather variety!"

Proposals of the United States for a year's holiday in war debts and reparations payments have been fitted into the Young plan by the conference of financial experts of the interested nations, after three weeks' discussions in London.

The experts in the cabinet room of the foreign office in London, signed a protocol which provides the suspended payments shall be repaid in ten equal annuities spread over the period from July 2, 1933, to July 1, 1943. This means there will be a year's interim between the expiration and the beginning of repayments.

The suspended payments shall bear interest at three per cent, and shall not be absolutely obligatory, involving no option of postponement, the protocol declares.

The report of the experts says it would have been much better procedure of repayment if the suspended payments could have been simply a postponement—upon the basis of all 1933 payments due in 1931, until 1933, the 1932 payments— and so on. "But," the report says, "a different method was contemplated in the Franco-American agreement of July 6, 1931, and in view of the importance of reaching an agreement without delay these governments which are not parties to the Franco-American agreement have agreed to adopt the method of repayment contemplated in the agreement."

Other principal provisions of the protocol are:

(1) That unconditional annuities due under the Young plan shall be paid into the Bank for International Settlements and upon receipt of the payments they be re-advanced immediately to the German Railway Company.

(2) That payments required for service of the German external loan and for service of the international 5½ per cent loan of 1930, shall continue to be effected without any change.

(3) That annuities to replace the suspended payments shall be paid in six yearly instalments of the 1934 of each month beginning July 15, 1933. These payments shall amount each year to about \$29,000,000.

(4) Belgium and Germany, it is stated, have come to their own agreement with regard to German marks left in Belgium after the German occupation.

In concluding their work, the experts encountered more difficulty with the smaller governments than with the larger powers. The Greek government, for instance, was able to accept suspension of payments by Germany, but must continue negotiations for the settlement of payments due from Bulgaria.

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The difference between intelligence and education is that you can't be a complacent ass if you have intelligence.

"A butterfly," says a naturalist, "practically nothing." He's evidently never taken one to dinner.

"Some matches, please."

"Ordinary or safety?"

"It doesn't matter—they are to light my petrol lighter!"—Moustique, Charlier.



"A friend told me you had a place vacant in your wireless factory."

"Do you know what it is for?"

"Yes, measuring the lengths of waves."—Moustique, Charlier.

W. N. O. 1903



## Probable Outworm Damage Next Year

By H. G. L. Strange, Director, Research Department, Seanie Grain Company, Winnipeg, Canada.

Grave warnings are again being issued by entomologists as to the possibility of serious outworm damage next year in grain crops.

Mr. H. L. Seaman, Dominion Entomologist, Lethbridge, has written an article stating that the infestation is to be expected in an area enclosed within the following lines: from Coats, Alberta, to MacLeod, to Calgary, to Carleton Place, to Conestoga, to Wilkie, Saskatchewan, to Roseburg, to Langton, to Touchwood, to Grenfell and to the international border line just west of Estevan. Within this area the outbreak will be more or less severe. The worst area of infestation is expected to be around Lethbridge, Drumheller, Kinross, Saskatoon, Assiniboia, and several miles radius from Regina.

Mr. Seaman draws attention to the necessity of farmers managing fields that are being summer-fallowed so that no implements nor stock, nor persons will cross the fields and so break the crust between the surface and the soil. If fields are managed in this fashion the outworm moths will not lay eggs on these fields provided the soil is fairly crusted.

Exactly this same warning was issued by Mr. Seaman and other entomologists last year, and the writer on behalf of the Seanie Grain Company wrote a pamphlet entitled "Pale Western Outworm" and rather widely distributed this pamphlet to farmers in Western Canada.

Later the writer made two trips by car through the area that was expected to be affected by outworms this year and made a rather minute investigation of many fields.

There is no question whatever but that the infestation came about precisely as was predicted. Not very long ago there has been heard of outworm damage, it is true, for the reason that in most of the areas infested by the outworm drought has prevailed so that there has been but little crop that has been damaged. Nevertheless, had there been a crop, severe damage would unquestionably have been noted as outworms were present in large numbers.

The writer furthermore investigated certain fields of summer-fallow that had been managed in accordance with the suggestions and found in almost every instance that there was practically no damage on such fields. Farmers, therefore, can feel quite confident that the carrying out of the suggestions on the managing of summer-fallows as advised by Mr. Seaman and other entomologists will unquestionably save them severe losses next year if they are situated in the infested areas.

The Seanie Grain Company still have a number of bulletins on hand which deal with the Pale Western Outworm and will gladly furnish them to any person desiring them.

## Empire Industries Exhibition

Movement On Foot To Hold Big Fair In Vancouver in 1936

It is announced that arrangements are in progress to hold the British Empire Industries Exhibition in Vancouver in 1936. The British, Canadian and many other Governments have agreed to take part, and business organizations in Canada and other countries have indicated that they will be solidly behind the movement.

## Soviets Make Inflation Leather

Soviet inventors have developed an inflation leather by a combination of paper and chemicals which is said to be strong, elastic and even more waterproof than natural leather. This material is intended to augment the boot and shoe output, which still far behind the needs of the 163,000,000 population.



"I am annoyed, my neighbour in the restaurant left his wallet on the chair."

"No, but I left it there as well."

Nagels Lustige Welt, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1937

## Owes Much To Cat

Simple Incident Changed Fortune Of Ramsay MacDonald

Like Richard Whittington, who became famous through the story of London, James Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of Great Britain, owes the turning point of his career to a cat. Had it not been for his cat's rat-catching ability, Richard Whittington might never have risen to that exalted position. Had it not been for a cat, Mr. MacDonald might never have been heard of. He might have spent his days as member of an obscure schoolhouse in the town of Loosie-moore in Kilmory, County, Scotland.

Mr. MacDonald is said to have related to his friends that there was a time in Old London when he was down and out. He was discouraged in his search for work. He had only a few coppers left, and he planned to walk all the way back to Loosie-moore, a distance of about six hundred miles. He went to the post-office at Euston Station to mail a letter to his relatives telling them, in fact, that he was about to die. The postmaster had a cat which evidently liked him, and he had trained it to lick the back of stamps for customers. He took the cat with him, and the thought instantly flashed through his journalistic mind that here was a good "story". Accordingly, he wrote the story of the cat, sent it to The Times, and that great newspaper made a feature of the article.

Probably the British Premier is not dead. At any rate he ought to be. The postmaster's cat made all the difference between the oblivion in Loosie-moore and becoming the greatest cat connoisseur in the British Empire, one of the outstanding men in the world, whose name will live in the books of every country for evermore.

The name of Robert Bruce, Scottish King and warrior, is indelibly associated with the name of his cat. History may link the name of Ramsay MacDonald with a cat—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Makes Hitwork Record

When Captain Hawks Aims At Certain Speed He Does Not Fail

Thirty times capt. Frank M. Hawks and his "Mystery S-1" have shot into the air for new speed records and thirty times they have made them. Captain Hawks reacted after a flight from New York to Havana and back which they set the fastest pace ever in both directions.

The speedster came down to a loud welcome at Floyd Bennett Airport. The record-making round trip in 17 hours, 2 minutes and 50 seconds.

The return trip—1,400 miles—looked even better. It was made in 17 hours, 21 minutes, an hour and 13 minutes under his own previous record. The average speed for the whole trip was 197 miles an hour.

## Australian Premier Seizes Export Flour

Action Taken When Dispute Arose With Master Bakers

Seeking to provide the unemployed with bread during a dispute with master bakers, Premier Lang authorized the seizure of 1,000 tons of flour which was intended for early shipment abroad. His action created great excitement.

## The Early Chaucer

During the time of the French Revolution a band of brigands preyed upon the provinces, first along the banks of the Rhine and in northern France and later in the central part of the country. These outlaws gained the name of "chaufours" because of their mendacious practice of burning the soles of the feet of their victims to make them tell where they had hidden their money or to give other information.

## Pure Has Highest Railway

The highest railway in the world is the Central Railway of Peru, which is 16,800 feet high. It has 61 bridges and 67 tunnels in 150 miles. The building of this railway was a marvelous engineering feat, which occupied 24 years from 1868 to 1892.

Alaska's coastline is more than 15,000 miles in length.

## Search For Rare Books

American Collector, Looking For Early Records Of Hudson Bay Company In North

Herman S. Johnstone, of Philadelphia, passed through The Pas recently en route to Churchill in search of rare treasures reported to be among books in isolated Hudson Bay Company libraries along the Bay coast. Various books sent out from Ungava and Europe to factors and employees of the company since its organization in 1670 have since become prized in book collectors' circles, and it is to seek out these treasures that Johnstone is in the north.

York Factory, Churchill, Port Nelson, Moose Factory, all these well-known posts will be visited by Mr. Johnstone, he declared in an interview.

Books which were worth only a shilling or two when sent out by relatives to the lonely employees of the company of gentlemen adventurers along Hudson Bay are now worth thousands of dollars, Mr. Johnstone declared. Sensational discoveries that will rock the ranks of the book collectors and disclose many first editions, thought lost forever, are expected to be disclosed by the widely known book collector in his treasure hunt.

## Utilize Clay Deposits

Interest Taken In Question Of Making China Ware In Canada

Interest is being evinced in the question of making china table ware in Canada, which is at present being imported to the value of about \$4,500,000 annually. The question, which are essential for the making of this type of ware occur at various places in the Dominion, and the fact that all are not as yet found in close proximity to that part of Canada that offers the largest market, does not necessarily preclude the feasibility of manufacture, as has sometimes been stated. Excellent clay suitable for this purpose is found in Southern Saskatchewan.

## A Remarkable Truck

Built For Emergency Use Either End Is The Front

Either end is the front. "nd of an emergency truck with a reversible drive recently put into service in the new international tunnel between Detroit and Windsor. It can dash into the tunnel and tow out a car without turning round. Two drivers sit at the novel truck's steering wheels, facing in opposite directions. This machine also carries 12 chemical fire extinguishers of the hand type and one 600-gallon power-driven extinguisher, with hose and reel. On the chance of encountering dangerous gas it is equipped with gas masks and apparatus for reviving asphyxiated persons.

## Ideal Place For Rest

Tired and worried business men of Europe are said to be going to Jerusalem for a rest. It is gaining the reputation of being the quietest place in that part of the globe. Advocates of the idea say that money goes to Jerusalem where there is no being chased, the climate is passable, and the people are free from many restrictions which make life unpleasant in other western countries.

## EMPIRE MARKSMAN HAS FINE RECORD

With a score of 265 in the aggregate and placed 619 in "The King's Hundred" as the first hundred shot in the King's Prize Competition.

Brinsie, England, are known. Capt. Cecil Williams, of the 1st Buffs, returned from the front with a fine record. He is a sergeant in the 42nd Battalion, Royal Highlanders of Canada (The Black Watch), and his brother is also a member of the same regiment. For ten years, he has been employed at the Canadian Pacific Railway's Angus Shops from which he obtains leave each summer, to attend the Bialystok Rifle Team.

His father is also a member of the team, and he made his place in the team in 1923 and made his place in the team in 1924. He was married and took his bride to Bialystok for the honeymoon. Today, he is one of the best performers in the Dominion's representation and one of the finest shots in the Empire. He is a sergeant in the 42nd Battalion, Royal Highlanders of Canada (The Black Watch), and his brother is also a member of the same regiment. For ten years, he has been employed at the Canadian Pacific Railway's Angus Shops from which he obtains leave each summer, to attend the Bialystok Rifle Team.

## A Long Pipe Line

Gasoline From Oklahoma Now Delivered To Chicago From 6-inch Pipe

Refined gasoline surges in an unending stream from the heart of the Oklahoma oil fields directly to Chicago in a six-inch pipe. The pipe, which is 1,400 miles long, winds like an artery under the earth's skin some 1,400 miles.

The pulse of the flow is maintained by powerful centrifugal pumps both at the source and at 50-mile intervals along the way.

Heretofore, oil companies have either shipped gasoline by tank car from refineries in the oil country, or have piped or freighted the crude oil from the wells to refineries near the centre of population or to the eastern seaboard. These methods are still continued by the largest companies, but six concerns of lesser size combined to carry out the present scheme.

## Market For Canadian Wheat

Spain Expected To Be In The Market Next Year

Spain is expected to re-enter the market for Canadian and foreign wheat next year as a result of an estimated decrease of over 18,000,000 bushels in the domestic wheat crop this year. A. B. Muddiman, Canadian Trade Commissioner whose territory covers Spain, has reported to the Department of Trade and Commerce that Muddiman reported that experts believe the Spanish wheat harvest will amount 128,000,000 bushels this year as against nearly 147,000,000 bushels last year.

## Serve Double Purpose

Chile students have discovered a new use for pavements. Students living in the interior have no place to leave luggage and do not like to carry it with them. So they have invented a small sack, assuring storage for the summer and giving them the little "vacation money" which they hope to get from their parents.

According to the 1930 census, there are 1,942 persons in the United States who are both blind and deaf.

## THE SENATE INVESTIGATES THE BEAUMARQUIS SITUATION

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## Famous Saint May Have Been Manxman

Celtic Scholar Suggests New Theory About St. Patrick

That St. Patrick was a Manxman, and not an Irishman, was the somewhat sensational suggestion made by Canon Quinn, a well-known Manx and Celtic scholar, to the delegates attending the Celtic Congress in the Isle of Man.

According to Manx legendary history, the Isle of Man was converted to Christianity by St. Patrick, but how he came to the island or whence he came the legend does not attempt to tell.

"Might it not have been that the saint was really a Manxman who later went to Ireland?" Canon Quinn asked, and though the Celts, especially the Irish Celts, seemed to be by no means impressed, the suggestion was an original one, and one, of course, which no one could prove or disprove.

There is no real evidence to show that St. Patrick ever set foot in the Isle of Man, though it is highly probable that the conversion of Manxland to Christianity was due to St. Patrick's disciples, and many churches in the Isle of Man were dedicated in honour of the saint at a very early date.

## But Few People Want Good Old Days Back Again

"Find the people who don't talk about the good old days," says a circular.

Yes, a pleasant subject. Those old days when they burned coal oil. For example, when they "heated" their houses with one fireplace; when they had hitching posts instead of parking lines; when they took covered wagons to ride and didn't have to be bothered with automobiles or trains; when a hitchhiker led from Vancouver down to English Bay.

Great days they were, and everyone wants to remember them. But hardly anybody wants them back.

## Italy's Auto Roads

With a view to catering for the steadily increasing speed of road traffic the Italian authorities have constructed a series of new arterial roads which are to be known as autostads. A speed of ninety miles an hour is permitted on those roads and all intersecting roads are passed by bridges or tunnels thus obviating any danger of accident.

## Automobile Production

Production of automobiles in Canada during June numbered 6,835 cars, including 5,853 passenger cars and 1,252 trucks. This output is at the rate of 228 cars a day. Of the total output during June, 6,720 cars were made for sale in Canada and the balance of 1,115 cars intended for export.

## Michigan Village Being Moved On Account Of Highway

Wholesale moving of a village is not common, but in the case of Atwood, Michigan, it was a necessity. When the village was founded, nearly a century ago, it was the custom to build houses close to the road. Last year a twenty-foot concrete highway was laid, and automobiles began to whiz right past the doorstep of practically every house. Now the State Highway Department is going to move all buildings on both sides of the highway—including a church, two stores, a garage and a dozen or so residences—back fifty feet.

## "Some Country Butter"

"Some country butter," scoffed the city man, "is more yellow than other butter."

"Certainly," replied the farmer who was used to his critics' arguments, "and some city folks are greener than other folks."

## The March Of Progress

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## Why Did You Become An Architect?

"Why did you become an architect?" (after won a set of compasses in a competition.)—Die Musik, Vienna.

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## Butter Consumption In Canada

Canadians Consumed 301,065,474 Pounds Of Butter Last Year  
Canada consumed 301,065,474 pounds of butter last year, or 30.31 lbs. per capita, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Of that quantity 187,351,247 lbs. was creamery and 85,000,000 lbs. home-made. Total imports were 38,606,055 lbs.

With regard to these Canadians consumed 28,565,122 lbs., or 3.08 lbs. per capita. Imports accounted for only 1,787,776 lbs. The remainder was factory and home-made.

Factory made cheese had an output of 118,919,508 lbs. and home-made 475,000 lbs. This country exported 80,163,700 lbs. of cheese last year.

## Dick Whittington

Famous Figure In London's History Is Enshrined In Gullhall

In the mellow glow of stained glass windows in her great gullhall, London has enshrined an old story of Dick Whittington and his cat.

Generations of children the world over have thrilled at the story of the poor, discouraged London apprentice, who, resting with his cat by the roadside at night, turned up a signpost which bore the prophetic chimes of Bow Church. Fond fathers, as they told the bed-time story, have linked it with Jack and the Beanstalk. Yet Dick Whittington, was no fantasy of the mind. Whatever his beginning, he became one of London's pioneers of foreign trade. His cat was his mascot, his argosies ventured distant seas. He was a great benefactor. From his ships went largely into the building of the gullhall which stands today—the gullhall where successive prime ministers of Canada have received the freedom of the City of London.

The new window, the gift of Lord Wakefield depicts scenes from the life of Whittington. He is seen welcoming King Henry V. and his queen to the gullhall. He is seen as a poor boy, he sits on the milestone at Islington, dreaming of ships to be.

And delighted children, as they see the sights of London turn scornfully from huge memorials to departed statesmen. One figure they seek above all. From the new window it looks grandly down on the statue of the elder Pitt below.

It is the figure of Dick Whittington's cat.

## Rain Dance Revived

Indians Of Northern Saskatchewan Invoked Great Spirit, To End Drought

Revival of the ancient and sacred rain dance of Northern Saskatchewan Indians, despite the prohibition of the strange rites by Government agents, is reported to have occurred recently.

Parched fields and suffering cattle, waterless and foodless, required action. The drought had taken heavy toll and Chief Buffalo Bow, head of the Pile Hills Band, decided upon drastic measure to invoke the Great Spirit.

And the Great Spirit answered the plea. Shortly after the mystic rite had been performed, the rain commenced and continued for two days, July 14 and 15, bringing relief to the parched crops and pasture lands not only in the north, but in southern areas of Saskatchewan.

The sacred dance for rain centred about the great tree, on the bark of which the petition for aid had been rudely carved. The ceremony continued for 48 hours. Six singers in robes danced the mystic sounds while dancers stepped a sacred measure to two days and nights without pause.

## Export Canned Logansberries

For The First Time British Columbia Will Invade Overseas Market With This Fruit

With the establishment of overseas markets for British Columbia export canned loganberries this year for the first time. Figures in the hands of the marketing committee that at least 15,000 cases will be shipped abroad, most of them to England, and an equal amount to Canadian markets. The wineries of the province are expected to manufacture 400,000 gallons of loganberry wine.

## Record Grain Shipments

Shipments From Alberta North Country Reach High Mark

All records for grain shipments from the Alberta north country were shattered at the close of the crop year on July 31, according to official figures issued by northern Alberta railways.

For the 12 months just closed, grain shipments from the north hit the high aggregate of 12,564,756 bushels. The previous high was the close of the 1927-28 season, when marketings amounted to 11,506,630 bushels.

## From High To Low

A one-day trip from the highest elevation to the lowest in the United States, from the 14,500-foot peak Mount Whitney to a point 270 feet below sea level in Death Valley, was recently made by Norman Clyde, a member of the Sierra Mountain Club. He made the long descent in seven hours and was the first man to accomplish the feat between dawn and dusk.

Fried: "There ought to be a special place in heaven for minsters wives."

Minister's Wife: "Perhaps you're right, but I would rather go with my husband."

## The ADVENTURES OF CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTTIE

WHAT CAN BEHOLD! Captain Jimmy and his friend Scottie, the dog, are on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster. They are on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster.

I searched hurriedly for the dog. A few hundred feet away I saw him. He was on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster.

With his terrible gleaming blue eyes, the dog looked at me. He was on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster.

A group of bandits, headed by the chief, were on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster. They were on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster.

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Cutting his hands, I took him well to bring circulation into his hands and feet. Then I helped him from the ground. He was on a mission to save the world from a terrible disaster.

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"Just a moment please. I want to see if my little boy can spell this."

The Pressing Shop, London.

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The production of apples boxed throughout the entire Okanagan district for 1929 was 4,147,426 boxes. Fifteen million eggs a year are being used in a dried egg plant in Winnipeg, this being one of the city's new industries.

Dr. Beaumont, senior surgeon of the White Star line, has resigned after crossing the Atlantic 1,002 times.

During the first six days of August 50,000 tons of Soviet grain from Black Sea ports passed through the Bosphorus on the way to England. Industrial production in western Canada has now reached a total of \$29,917,000. In the period 1925 to 1929 an increase over \$17,000,000 is shown.

Defeated in two attempts to fly from Tokyo to America in a small plane, Seiji Yoshikawa, Japanese aviator, will attempt to back-track the Lindbergh route with a larger plane.

Men who were digging in the garden of the "Rising Sun" public house, Norman Road, Greenwich, England, unearthed an ancient torse which measured five in length and was unexplored.

Sheep raisers in Kamloops, Ashcroft and Nicola districts report their stock in good condition, and shipments from this territory to the Vancouver market are expected to be as good or better than last year.

The "Arcadia," hydrographic ship from Montreal, is conducting charting operations in the harbour at Churchill. The information secured will be available for the boats entering the harbour for grain cargoes this year. Only 14,775 native-born Canadians entered the United States in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1933, according to an announcement made by the State Department. In the previous twelve months 41,984 came in.

## Will Ship Radium Ore

Twenty Tons To Comprise Shipment From Great Bear Lake District  
Twenty tons of radium ore from the Great Bear Lake district will be brought out of Edmonton and taken east, according to Shirley R. Cragg, of the Eldorado Mining Company. Mr. Cragg was in Edmonton after an aeroplane trip into the discovery area. The shipment will be brought down by river steamer from Fort Norman to Watways, northern railway centre.

Lecturer—Allow me before I close to repeat the words of the immortal Webster—  
Farmer Podsnap—'Lan' sakes, Maria! let's get out o' here. He's a goner 'ter start in on the dictionary.

Sugar production is to be given government aid in Egypt.



"Now, Karl, make this your motto. Never work before breakfast and if you must work before breakfast have breakfast before working."—Der Brummer, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1963

## Exhibition Ship

Proposed Cruise To West Indies To Advertise Canadian Products

The Montreal Star says that if plans of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, the Canada-West Indies League and the Department of Trade and Commerce materialize, Canada will send an exhibition ship to cruise the West Indies, starting the end of November.

Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, has taken a great interest in the proposal. He recently visited the new Northland of the Clarke Steamship Company, Limited, which may be chosen as the maritime shop window for Canada's choicest wares.

So far the whole plan is in a tentative state but the fact that the Minister of Trade and Commerce visited the ship which may be concerned in the venture shows that he is keenly interested. The outstanding question now clearly is that of cost and the financial backing of the scheme.

"British commercial interests it is pointed out, have adopted this form of trade advertising as a means of following up the British Empire Exhibition held in Argentina and early in November the British exhibitor will have on a tour of the West Indies and South America with a display of goods made in England."

## Experiment Interesting

Biologist Found Aberdeen Mice More Intelligent Than Russian

Lecturing at the University of Oxford on the attempts of research students to discover when the dawn of reason began, Sir John Arthur Thomson, for many years regius professor of natural history at Aberdeen University, described a Scotch variation of an experiment of Professor Pavlov, eminent Russian biologist. Taking a group of white mice, Pavlov taught them to ring a bell when they gave them a meal. He found that it required 300 lessons of this sort before he could bring the mice from their dormitory at the sound of the bell. "I was skeptical regarding these results," said the Scotch savant, "and I carried out a similar experiment at Aberdeen. The Aberdeen mice, as was expected, needed only 40 lessons. The second generation, however, required the same number."

Man had almost no instinct, the lecturer asserted. What did the inexperienced mother, he asked, know about tending the child? How would she keep it if it were not for the experience of other mothers before her?

## Feed Shortage

250,000 Tons Of Hay And Fodder Needed For Drought Areas In Saskatchewan

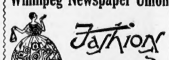
According to an estimate given out by Hon. W. C. Buckley, Minister of Agriculture, at least 250,000 tons of hay and fodder will be needed for the area of stock in the drought areas of the southern part of Saskatchewan. In an effort to arrive at a fairly close estimate of the amount of feed that will be required, the federal service men of the field crops branch have made a comprehensive survey of 13 municipalities in the heart of the dried-out area and compilation of statistics in this regard is nearing completion.

## Alberta Canned Vegetables

An appeal to some 4,000 retail merchants throughout the Province of Alberta has been circulated by the Calgary office of the Retail Merchants Association of Canada on behalf of the canning industry. Shopkeepers are asked whenever possible to carry lines of canned vegetables made in Alberta.

China now has 55 talkie theatres.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union



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## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of  
Empress and District  
\$2.50 to the United States  
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year to any part of Canada  
or Great Britain.

R. S. Seaton Proprietor A. Haskin

Thursday, Sept. 3rd, 1931

Next Monday, September 7,  
is Labor day.

Road engineers were staking  
out roadway for proposed grad-  
ing west of town this week.

Mrs. S. J. Clarkson, is visiting  
with Mrs. MacPherson.

Mrs. J. McNeill, and daugh-  
ters, returned recently from  
their holiday vacation.

Leslie Hutchinson, who is  
attending high school, and his  
sister Mildred, who is teaching  
here, have rented a house in  
town.

Wilde Livermore, is attend-  
ing high school here, who is at  
present staying with Mrs. R. L.  
Arthur.

Misses Helen and Middy Ar-  
thur arrived on Monday back  
from their vacations spent at  
Carstairs and Bassano.

The Castle Coombe W.M.S.  
will meet at the home of Mrs.  
Thos. Rowley, on Wednesday,  
Sept. 9th, at 2.30 p.m.

Mrs. W. R. Brodie and Gord-  
on and Beatrice, returned on  
Monday from a holiday trip to  
Calgary and Banff.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McEachern  
and Mr. and Mrs. E. McNeill,  
returned from a holiday vacation  
at Sylvan Lake, Monday.

Jimmie Usher arrived home  
from his holidays, Monday. He  
spent two weeks of them  
visiting at the home of Mr. and  
Mrs. N. Bassano at Bassano.

S. MacPherson, left for Sib-  
bold on Monday, having secured  
appointment as teacher at that  
point.

Wanted Dressmaking - also  
specially experienced in the  
making of Ladies' Coats. Sub-  
mit your custom for the coming  
season's work. A trial appre-  
ciated.—Mrs. Bowler, one door  
south of the Catholic Church,  
Empress.

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or  
GENERAL

## DRAYING

Light or Heavy Work  
Transfer to and from C.P.R.

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for Prompt and Efficient  
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(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

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Surgeon  
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## DENTIST

Dr. DOWLER

Thursdays and Fridays  
Arriving on Wednesday night  
Offices: Royal Bank Building  
(Opposite Hotel)

AT LEADER:

Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays  
Printed on Wednesdays

## DOMINION CAFE

FIRST-CLASS MEALS

Good Rooms

Always a Full Stock Carried  
Cigars, Cigarettes  
ICE CREAM & SUNDAYS  
Dances and after theatre lunches  
A Place of Style.



## Health Service

OF THE

Canadian Medical Association

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., - - - ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

### Tuberculosis in Children

Children have tuberculosis just as adults do. They are not born with the disease; they contract it after they are born. Providing proper care is taken children do not contract tuberculosis. The disease still occurs because, either through ignorance or carelessness, the necessary care is not taken.

There is no mystery surrounding the manner in which children get tuberculosis. The disease is caused by a germ, the tubercle bacillus. This germ can never fly off. There is only one way in which it can travel and reach the child, and that is by being carried along in the sputum by someone who has tuberculosis.

The person who has active tuberculosis, whether or not he knows he has the disease, has the germ of the disease in his sputum. When he coughs or sneezes he spreads the germs. The saliva he leaves on eating or drinking utensils contains germs. His kisses also help to spread the disease.

Children cannot protect themselves, they are dependent upon adults for protection, consequently adults should take more precautions to safeguard the children. Careless coughing and spitting must stop. If it is necessary to cough, then the nose or mouth should be covered by a handkerchief. If expectoration is necessary, the material expectorated should be properly collected and destroyed by fire. Communicating and drinking utensils should not be tolerated and a child should never be kissed on the mouth.

To save children, we must become destroyers of germs and we must refuse to do anything which allows these enemies to pass from one person to another. Tuberculosis does not occur if the germs of the disease are not spread, and the germs will not be spread if we act in such a way that the secretions of our noses and mouths are not spread from us to others.

When tuberculosis occurs among young children, it means that someone with whom they have been in frequent contact has the disease. The older person may not know it, because tuberculosis is, in many cases, a long chronic disease, and the person maybe just feels poorly and does not suspect that he has a serious disease one which is serious to both himself and to others.

Children who have been exposed to tuberculosis, through living in a home with an adult who has the disease should be given special care. Such child run of course should be examined from time to time to keep a close check on their condition.

Tuberculosis is one disease which is greatly influenced, if not entirely controlled by the general health of the individual. The child who receives proper food, sufficient rest, fresh air and sunshine is not likely to develop the disease. On the other hand, the disease is very apt to progress in the undernourished child. It is in that condition because of the lack of proper food, rest, fresh air and sunshine.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Miller and son, are renewing acquaintanceships in town. Mr. Miller is relieving here for J. Irvine, who is on his holiday vacation.

Miss B. Maxwell, arrived here on Monday from Calgary. Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell, and her brother, John, accompanied her on the trip, returning to Calgary, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Storey made a trip by car to Regina, this week. Mrs. Brown, mother of Mrs. Storey, accompanied them on their return, and is a visitor here.

As a result of the action of the Reeve and Council of Manitoia to secure relief for needy residents of the Municipality, an immediate grant of \$2000 is being made by the Sask. Government. Recommendations for much larger expenditures on highways No. 44 and 17 are being made to the Sask. government.

### Ignoring The Obvious

We have yet to see a compilation by some economic expert of the wastage which is being experienced by this country in present unemployed labor. Of the amount of constructive road building, bridge building, and other sources of material benefit which could be utilized to the benefit of the country if this dormant source of wealth were adequately employed.

### Salmon Surplus

Reported In Alaska

Juneau, Alaska.—South-eastern Alaska this season has had

a bumper year for fishing, especially salmon. The canneries have a surplus.

Just this week 40,000 pounds of salmon were thrown overboard by fishermen who came in with boats loaded and were unable to sell their catch.

The pack of salmon to date is over 4,000,000 cases, and another 1,000,000 is expected before the southeastern Alaska fishing closes.

### Rather Ride Than Eat

Los Angeles.—Residents of this city would rather ride than eat! At least, they spend more for automobiles than they do for food, according to an analysis of the 1930 census of distribution for retail trade.

This report shows that the annual per capita expenditure for automobiles and their upkeep is \$177.88, while expenditures in the food group are \$114.62 annually per capita.

A strip six miles wide and fifty miles long, including much promising crop ready for the binder, was hit by a hailstorm of unusual violence which started west of Provo district on Wednesday evening of last week. A great deal of the crop was completely wiped out and extensive damage done to buildings. The hail stones which were very large, were found in drifts several feet

deep after the storm passed.—Budget, Liverna.

### No Co-operation

Murphy unemployed and ready to try anything, applied for a job as a motor-bus driver. "Can you drive a car?" snapped the yard master. "Can I drive a car?" repeated the Irishman scornfully. "All right, let's see you run that bus there into the shed."

Murphy saw trouble ahead and reversed the lever. Zip! out she came; then in again, out again, in again, and finally came to a stop out in the yard. "I thought you said you could drive a car!" shouted the irate yard master.

Murphy climbed down and spat disgustedly, then turned a withering gaze upon the yard master. "Sure, and I had her in there three times! Why in blazes didn't yez shut the door?"

### Farmers Are Using Distillate

Many auto trucks from Saskatchewan, loaded with oil drums are loading with distillate here.

## GOING-BACK TO SCHOOL DUDS

### For The BOYS

Boy's Overall Suits for ages, 3 to 8, reg. \$1.15. Specially priced at .85  
Boy's COTTONADE OVERALLS, for ages 11 to 13 years, Reg. \$1.05. Specially priced at .75c.  
Boy's COTTONADE OVERALLS, for ages 14 to 17 years, regular 1.30. Specially priced at .90c.  
Boy's Fancy Patterned SHIRTS. Reg. 1.10. Specially priced at .55c.  
All our Boy's Goods, Shoes, Underwear, Pants, etc. are on Sale at Special Prices

### Men's High-Top Boots

14 and 16 inches. This is a real boot, made by Grab, and the price cannot be beat. Regular 11.00 to 14.75. Specially priced at \$5.95  
MEN'S DRESS FELT HATS in the latest styles and assorted colors. Regular from 2.75 to 6.00. Specially priced at 1.75 to 3.50

## "SANDY'S"

C.P.R. WATCH INSPECTOR EMPRESS, ALTA.

## GROCERY BARGAINS

Orange Pekoe Tea, per lb. - .40  
Skim Milk Cheese, 2 lb. box - .45  
Mother's Cocoa, 2 lb. can - .53  
Broom, 4-strand - .45  
Eddy's Matches - .25

Phone 18 for your orders.

DON'T FORGET the Beautiful Japanese Silk Bedspread that is to be given away on October 10. You may be the Lucky Winner.

## JIM'S GROCETARIA

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BRITISH AMERICAN AGENT

## Brodies' Store News

Dyson's Sweet Mixed Pickles 1.35  
Gallon tins

Dyson's DILL PICKLES 75c.  
Gallon tins

Mazola COOKING OIL 2.35  
Gallon tins, special

Wonder White Soap Chaps 15c.  
per lb.

## W. R. BRODIE

## SPECIAL PRICE ON MAPLE LEAF FLOUR

The BEST FIRST GRADE FLOUR in the West.

While our Present Stock lasts at

\$2.50 per 100 lbs.

\$2.45 in 5 Sack lots

STRICTLY CASH AT THIS PRICE

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"SERVICE and SATISFACTION"